Financial Report For The Year Ended 30 April 2025

Financial Report For The Year Ended 30 April 2025

Executive Committee Report

Your executive committee members submit the financial report of the association for the financial year ended 30 April 2025.

Executive Committee Members

The names of executive committee members as at the date of this report are:

Stuart Harvey President

John Mitchell Vice President House

Michelle Mitchell Vice President Sponsorship, Grants and Communication

Katy Allen Director of Administration
Andrew Manser Director of Finance
Trent McRae Director of Lifesaving
Skye Marshall Director of Competition
Phil Webster Director of Youth Education
Jason Lauder Director of Education

Mark Mackaness Director of Commercial Operations

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the association during the financial year were the operation of a surf life saving club, by providing a safe beach and aquatic environment for the local community, and facilitating Surf Life Saving Courses run by Surf Life Saving Central Coast Inc.

Significant Changes

No significant change in the nature of these activities of the Surf Club occurred during the current financial year.

Operating Result

The surplus from ordinary activities of the association for the financial after providing for income tax amounted to \$267,933 (2024: Surplus \$219,455).

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Executive Members.

Dated: 17/07/2025



Independent Auditor's Declaration to the Members of Avoca Beach Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated

We hereby declare that to the best of our knowledge and belief during the year ended 30 April 2025, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Australian Charities and Notfor-profits Commission Act 2012 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

FORTUNITY ASSURANCE

Adrian Thompson

Partner

155 The Entrance Road

ERINA NSW

Dated: 17 July 2025

Statement of Profit or Loss & Other Comprehensive Income For The Year Ended 30 April 2025

	Note	2025 \$	2024 \$
Revenue Sales Revenue	2	3,243,709	2,680,555
Expenses			
Advertising & promotion Audit, accounting & bookkeeping Building & property expenses Capitation levy & insurances Depreciation & amortisation Employee benefits expenses Lifesaving expenses Materials & consumables used Membership servicing, development & recognition Office/administration expense Surf sport expenses Training & education Other expenses Loss on Sale of non-current asset	3	1,805 10,240 340,012 41,443 124,153 1,134,005 57,728 996,074 61,466 82,949 100,341 798 17,112 7,650	1,228 7,414 335,683 41,738 117,791 902,835 52,771 786,257 42,688 71,514 58,775 286 21,431 20,689
Surplus for the year		2,975,766 —	2,461,100
Other Comprehensive Income		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income		267,933	219,455

Statement of Financial Position For Year Ended 30 April 2025

	Note	2025 \$	2024 \$
Current Assets Cash & Cash Equivalents Trade & Other Receivables Inventories Other Assets Loan Receivables	4 5 6 7	833,738 9,811 109,153 20,301	578,704 2,977 76,427 11,206 498
Total Current Assets		973,003	669,812
Non-Current Assets Property, Plant & Equipment	8	739,295	723,288
Total Non-current Assets		739,295	723,288
Total Assets		1,712,298	1,393,100
Current Liabilities Trade & Other Payables Other Liabilities Employee Benefits	9 10 11	158,313 21,462 34,446	127,112 7,653 31,083
Total Current Liabilities		214,221	165,848
Non-Current Liabilities Employee Benefits	11	6,101	3,209
Total Non-Current Liabilities		6,101	3,209
Total Liabilities		220,322	169,057
Net Assets		1,491,976	1,224,043
Members Funds Retained Earnings (Deficit) / Surplus		1,224,043 267,933	1,004,588 219,455
Total Members Funds		1,491,976	1,224,043

Statement of Changes in Members' Funds For the Financial Year ended 30 April 2025

	Retained Earnings	Total
	\$	\$
Balance 30 April 2023	1,004,588	1,004,588
Surplus for the year	219,455	219,455
Dolonoo 20 April 2024	1 224 042	4 224 042
Balance 30 April 2024	1,224,043	1,224,043
Surplus for the year	267,933	267,933
Balance 30 April 2025	1,491,976	1,491,976

Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 30 April 2025

	Note	2025 \$	2024 \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers Interest received Payments to suppliers and employees		3,556,328 7,393 (3,161,375)	2,999,149 4,593 (2,527,971)
Net cash provided by operating activities	12	402,346	475,771
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment Payments for property, plant & equipment Net cash used in investing activities		(147,810) 	(357,986)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities Funds loaned to employee		498	4,250
Net cash used in financing activities		498	4,250
Net (decrease) / increase in cash held		578,704	122,035
Cash as at the beginning of the financial period		255,034	456,669
Cash as at the end of the financial period	4	833,738	578,704
Net (decrease) / increase in cash held Cash as at the beginning of the financial period	4	578,704 255,034	122,035 456,669

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2025

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This financial report is a special purpose financial report prepared in order to satisfy the financial reporting requirements of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012*, the *Associations Incorporation Act 2009*, the *Charitable Fundraising Act 1991* and associated regulations. The committee has determined that the association is not a reporting entity.

Avoca Beach Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated is an association registered under the *Associations Incorporations Act 2009* and domiciled in New South Wales.

The financial report is prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historic costs and does not take into account changing money values or, except where stated specifically, current valuations of non-current assets.

These are special purpose financial statements that have been prepared for the purpose of complying with the *Australian Charites and Not-for-profits Commissions Act 2012* and associated regulations. The Executive Committee have determined that the accounting policies adopted are appropriate to meet the needs of the members of the Avoca Beach Surf Life Saving Club Inc..

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement requirements specified by the Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB and the disclosure requirements of AASB 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements'; AASB 107 'Statement of Cash Flows'; AASB 108 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors'; AASB 1048 'Interpretations of Standards'; AASB 1054 'Australian Additional Disclosures' as appropriate for not-for-profit oriented entities.

Accounting Policies

Revenue

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Sale of goods

Sale of goods revenue is recognised at the point of sale, which is when the customer takes receipt of the goods, the risks and rewards are transferred to the customer and there is a valid sales contract. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of sales returns and discounts.

Functions and Events

Revenue from functions and events are recognised once the event is held in the Club facilities and has meet its obligations to provide a venue for the expressed purpose agreed with the parties.

Membership fees

Revenue from membership fees is recognised at time of receipt.

Grants and donations

Grant & donation income is recognised as revenue when received unless they are designated for a specific purpose, where they are carried forward as prepaid income on the balance sheet.

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2025

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont...)

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value

Buildings

Buildings are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. In the event that the carrying amount of buildings is greater than its estimated recoverable amount the decrease in value is shown in the profit and loss statement as a revaluation decrease

Plant and Equipment / Surf Patrol Equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than its estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses are recognised in the profit or loss as revaluation decreases if the impairment losses relate to the revalued asset. A formal assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets, including buildings and capitalised lease assets is depreciated on a straight line or diminishing-value basis over the asset's useful life to the entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease of the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are:

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate
Plant and Equipment	5 – 66%
Surf Patrol & Sports Equipment	20%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at end of each reporting period.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss in the period which they arise. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at-call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included in other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2025

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont...)

Income Tax

As the company is a charitable institution in the terms of subsection 50-5 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997, as amended, it is exempt from paying income tax.

Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liabilities for goods and services received by the company during the reporting period that remain unpaid at the end of the reporting period. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

Comparative Figures

Where required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

		2025 \$	2024 \$
2.	Revenue	•	•
	Sales Revenue		
	Sale of Goods	1,169,411	894,344
	Rendering of services, functions & catering	1,519,493	1,207,063
	Total sales revenue	2,688,904	2,101,407
	Not-for-profit revenue		
	Competitions & carnivals	28,611	19,068
	Grants & donations	105,947	286,372
	Membership revenue	118,274	106,996
	Sponsorship & fundraising	196,536	123,352
	Sundry Revenue	44,873	26,728
	Total not-for-profit revenue	494,241	562,516
	Others is a series		
	Other income	7 202	4.502
	Interest Received Gain on sale of assets	7,393	4,593 400
	Other Income	- 52 171	
	Other income	53,171	11,639
	Total not-for-profit revenue	60,564	16,632
	Total revenue	3,243,709	2,680,555

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2025

		2025 \$	2024 \$
3.	Expenses		
	Surplus includes the following specific expenses: Audit Fees	5,700	4,800
	Grant acquittals	-	1,400
		5,700	6,200
4.	Cash & Cash Equivalents		
	Cash at Bank Cash on Hand	825,609 8,129	570,914 7,790
		833,738	578,704
5.	Trade & Other Receivables		
	Trade Receivables GST Receivable	9,811	2,977
		9,811	2,977

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2025

Stock on Hand - Clothing 62,428 28,667 Stock on Hand - Bistro 19,508 20,127 109,153 76,427 7. Other Assets			2025 \$	2024 \$
Stock on Hand - Clothing Stock on Hand - Bistro 19,508 20,127 109,153 76,427 7. Other Assets	6.	Inventories		
7. Other Assets		Stock on Hand - Clothing	62,428	27,633 28,667 20,127
			109,153	
Propouments 20 201 11 206	7.	Other Assets		
rrepayments 20,301 11,200		Prepayments	20,301	11,206
20,301 11,206			20,301	11,206
8. Property, Plant and Equipment	8.	Property, Plant and Equipment		
				337,684 (199,305)
111,648 138,379 ————————————————————————————————————			111,648	138,379
				5,160 (1,459)
3,171 3,701			3,171	3,701
		<u> </u>		449,497 (250,712)
220,635 198,785			220,635	198,785
				160,767 (63,496)
			156,207	97,271

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2025

		2025 \$	2024 \$
8.	Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)		
	Leasehold Improvements – at Cost Less accumulated depreciation	326,569 (78,935)	326,569 (41,417)
		247,634	285,152
	Total Property, Plant and Equipment	739,295	723,288
9.	Trade & Other Payables		
	Trade Payables Payroll Liabilities Payable Accruals GST Payable Credit Cards	50,067 36,542 10,777 55,309 5,618	24,455 29,150 28,811 44,696
		158,313	127,112
10.	Other Liabilities		
	Deposits Refundable	21,462	7,653
		21,462	7,653
11.	Employee Benefits		
	Current Annual Leave Long Service Leave	22,567 11,879 ————————————————————————————————————	22,722 8,361 31,083
	Non-Current Service Leave	6,101	3,209
		6,101	3,209
		40,547	34,292
			

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2025

		2025 \$	2024 \$
12.	Reconciliation of Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
	Operating (deficit) / surplus from ordinary activities	267,933	219,455
	Adjustments for:		
	Gain on Disposal of Asset Depreciation and amortisation of Property, Plant	7,650	20,689
	& Equipment	124,153	117,791
	Changes in net assets and liabilities:		
	(Increase)/Decrease in Trade & Other Receivables	(6,834)	25,943
	(Increase)/Decrease in Inventory	(32,726)	1,117
	(Increase)/Decrease in Other Assets	(9,095)	(18,681)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Trade & Other Payables	31,201	83,449
	Increase/(Decrease) in Other Liabilities	13,809	4,370
	Increase/(Decrease) in Employee Benefits	6,255	21,638
	Cash Flows from Operating Activities	402,346	475,771

13. Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The Committee members are not aware of any significant contingent liabilities or contingent assets affecting the entity at reporting date.

14. Events after the Reporting Period

The Committee are not aware of any significant events since the end of the reporting period.

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2025

15. Disclosures under the NSW Charitable Fundraising Act 1991

Fundraising appeals conducted by the Club during the year led to a number of donations. Net fundraising is applied to the operational expenses of the Club in its core lifesaving activities. Comparisons of certain monetary figures and percentages in accordance with the requirements of the *NSW Charitable Fundraising Act 1991* are set out below.

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Aggregate gross income from bequests* Aggregate gross income from fundraising Aggregate gross income from donations Less total direct cost of fundraising	56,778 52,200 (6,326)	36,881 84,399 (2,239)
	102,652	119,041

^{*} Bequests are excluded from the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991

16. Related Party Disclosures

(a) Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

Types of Terms &	Class of	Related	2025	2024
Transaction	Conditions	Party	\$	\$
Capital works & maintenance	Director – Related Entity	Directors	-	-

The committee members have not acquired any goods or services from the Club during the year and if they were to do so, any goods or services received would be on the same terms and conditions available to the Club's customers and members.

(b) Key Management Personnel

The total remuneration for all key management personnel for the year ended 30 April 2025 was \$Nil (2024: \$Nil).

Statement by Members of the Executive Committee

In the opinion of the Executive Committee:

- (i) the incorporated association is not a reporting entity because there are no users dependent on general purpose financial statements. Accordingly, as described in note 1 to the financial statements, the attached special purpose financial statements have been prepared for the purposes of complying with the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, the Associations Incorporations Act 2009 (NSW), , the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991 and associated regulations;
- (ii) the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards as described in note 1 to the financial statements;
- (iii) the attached financial statements and notes comply with the requirements of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* and the *Charitable Fundraising Act 1991*;
- (iv) the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the incorporated association's financial position as at 30 April, 2025 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date:
- (v) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the incorporated association will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- (vi) the financial statements give a true and fair view of all income and expenditure with respect to fundraising appeals; and
- (vii) the internal controls exercised by the incorporated association are appropriate and effective in accounting for all income received and applied by the incorporated association from all fundraising appeals.

This statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee by:

Director of Finance

Dated: 17/07/2025



Independent Audit Report To The Members Of Avoca Beach Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated

Report on the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Avoca Beach Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated (the Club), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 April 2025, statement of profit or loss & other comprehensive income, statement of changes in members' funds and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the committee members' declaration.

In our opinion the financial report of Avoca Beach Surf Life Saving Club Inc. is in accordance with the *Associations Incorporation Act (NSW) 2009* ('the Act'), including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Club's financial position as at 30 April 2025 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards as set out in Note 1 and the requirements of the Associations Incorporation Act (NSW) 2009, and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.
- (c) the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991, including
 - (i) the financial report shows a true and fair view of the financial result of fundraising appeals for the year to which they relate; and
 - (ii) the financial report and associated records have been properly kept during the year in accordance with this Act and the regulations; and
 - (i) money received as a result of fundraising appeals conducted during the year has been properly accounted for and applied in accordance with this Act and the regulations; and
 - (ii) Avoca Beach Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated is solvent, as it is able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Club in accordance with the auditor independence requirements and ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

The financial report of Avoca Beach Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated is a special purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 1 to the financial report.

Other Information

The Committee Members are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Club's annual report for the year ended 30 April 2025 but does not include the financial report or our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



Independent Audit Report To The Members Of Avoca Beach Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated

Other Information (continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears materially misstated.

If, based on the work performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report on this fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Committee Members' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Committee Members of the Club are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* and for such internal control as the committee members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report the Committee Members are responsible for assessing the Club's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee Members either intends to liquidate or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Committee Members are responsible for overseeing the Club's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
 appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from
 Fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations or the override of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Club's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the committee.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Club's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Club's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.



Independent Audit Report To The Members Of Avoca Beach Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Report (continued)

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

FORTUNITY ASSURANCE

Adrian Thompson

Partner

155 The Entrance Road

ERINA NSW

Dated: 17 July 2025